

## The Punakha Domchoe Class III Book 2



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Tel: +975-2-332885/332880

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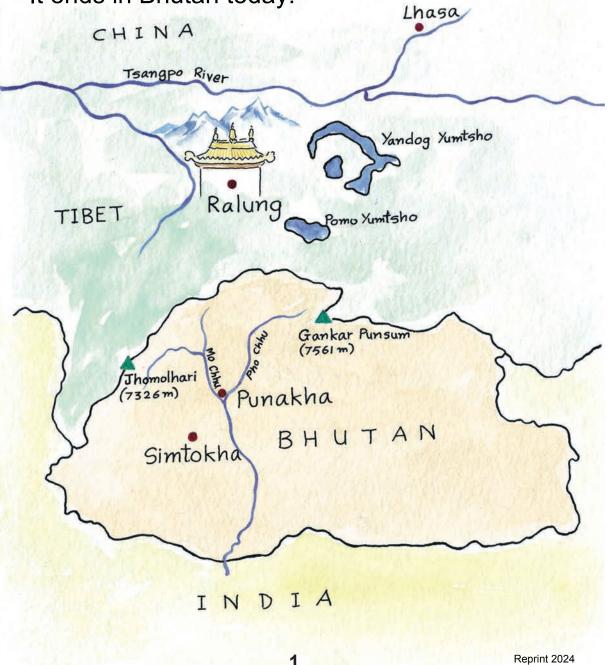
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Our story begins in Tibet four hundred years ago. It ends in Bhutan today!





Zhabdrung Ngawang Namgyal was twelve when he became the head of Ralung Monastery in Tibet. This made him the leader of the Drukpas. He had to look after the monastery and the Rangjung Kharsapani which was a special relic of the first Drukpa leader. The man who had the relic was the leader of the Drukpas.

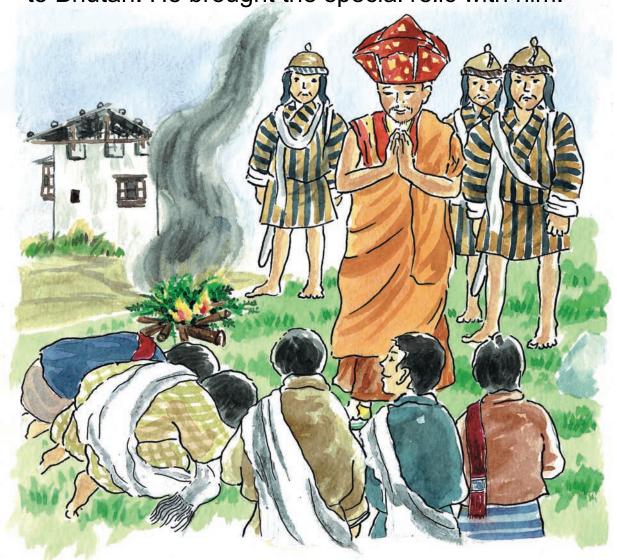
The ruler of that part of Tibet was called the Tsang Desi. He did not want Zhabdrung Ngawang Namgyal to be the head lama at Ralung. There was a fight between the Tsang Desi's men and the Zhabdrung's men.



One night the Zhabdrung had a dream. He saw a black raven flying south. The raven was Pel Yeshey Gonpo (a deity) who protects Bhutan, and he told the Zhabdrung to go to Bhutan.

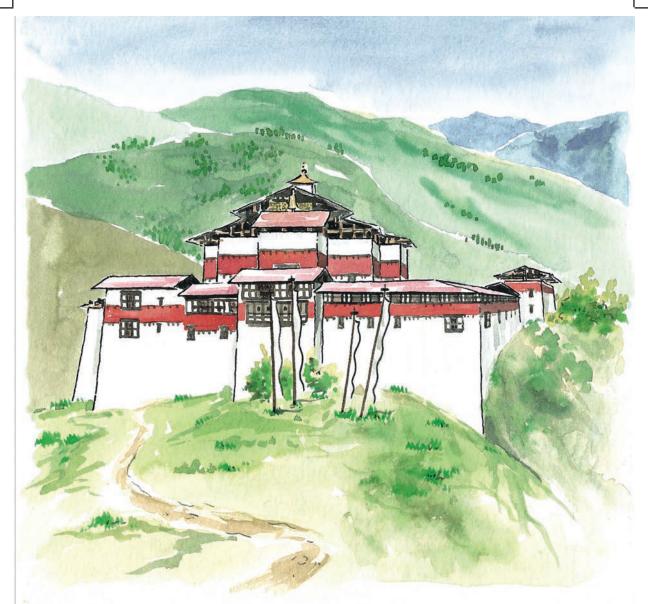


So in 1616 the Zhabdrung left Ralung and came to Bhutan. He brought the special relic with him.

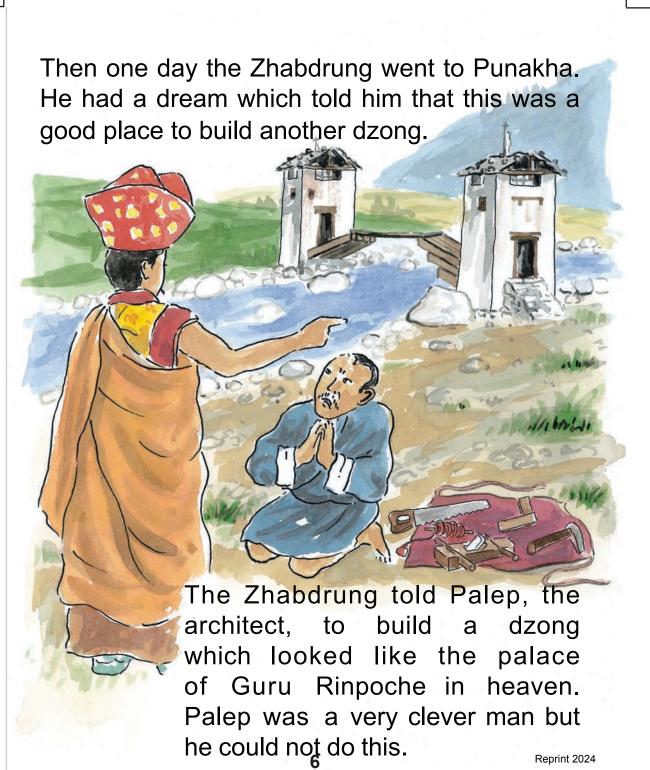


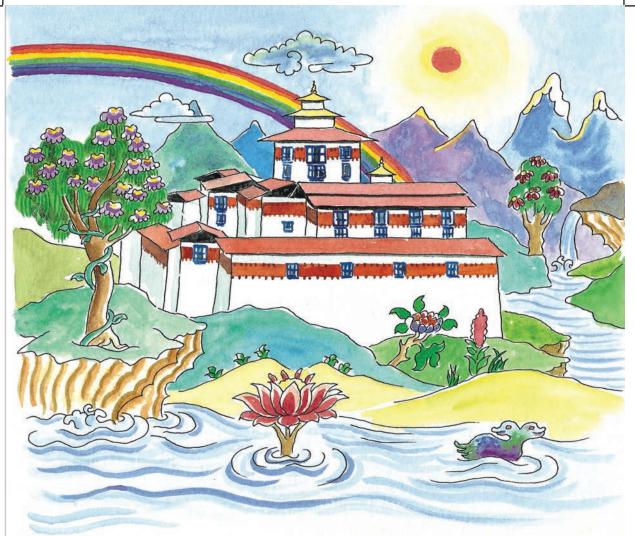
The people of Bhutan welcomed the Zhabdrung.

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When Tsang Desi heard that the Zhabdrung was in Bhutan, he sent soldiers to kill him. The Zhabdrung began to build large Dzongs to protect Bhutan. The first of these was at Simtokha.

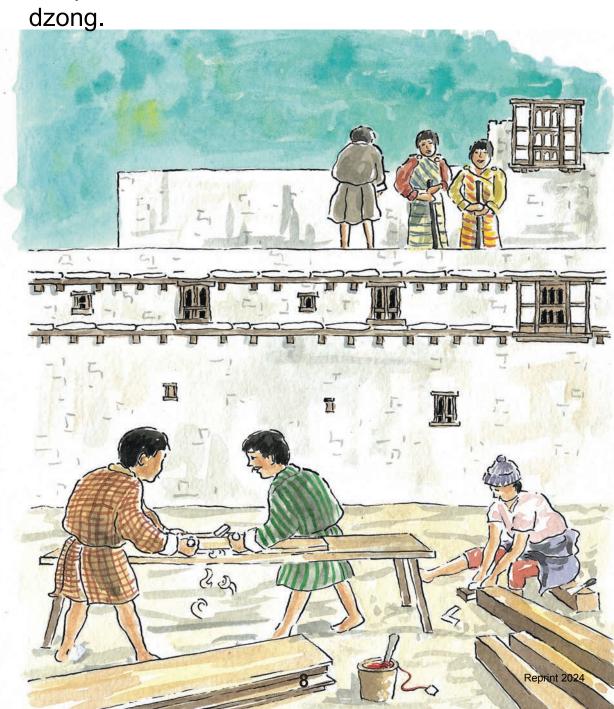


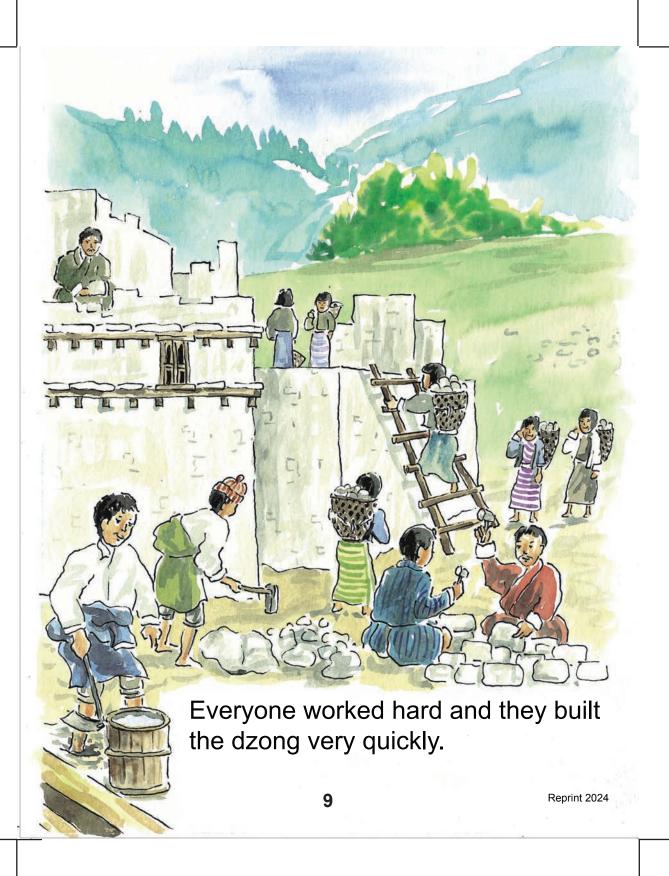


So the Zhabdrung took Palep to heaven in his dream and showed him the palace. "I want the dzong to look like this," he said. "Make a plan of it."

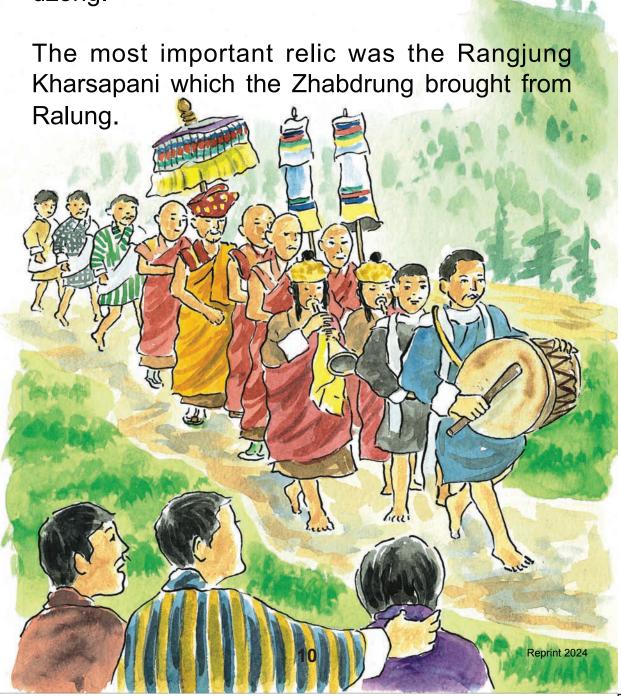
Then Palep made a plan which we can see inside Punakha dzong today.

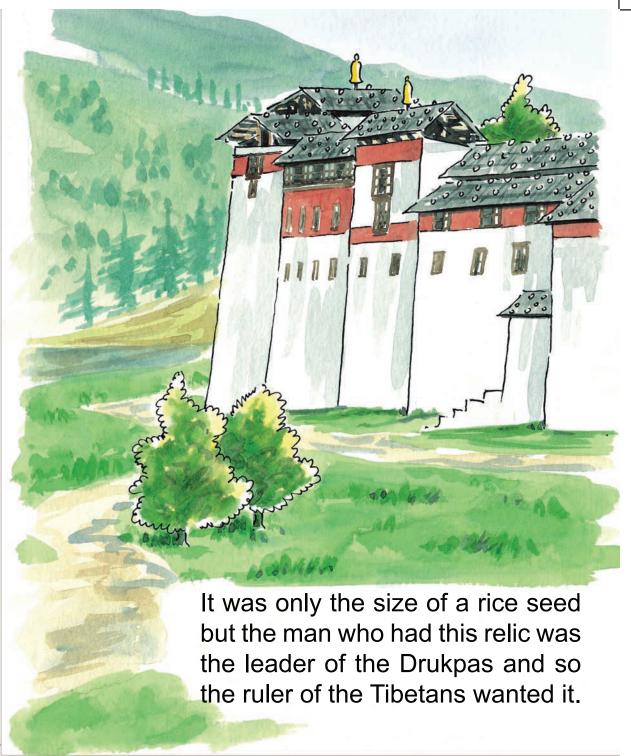
People from all over Bhutan came to build the





Finally they put relics, books and chortens in the dzong.

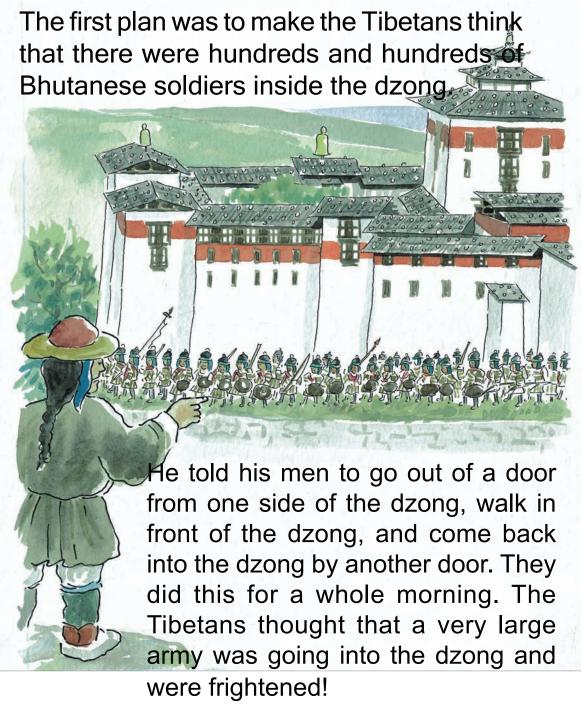




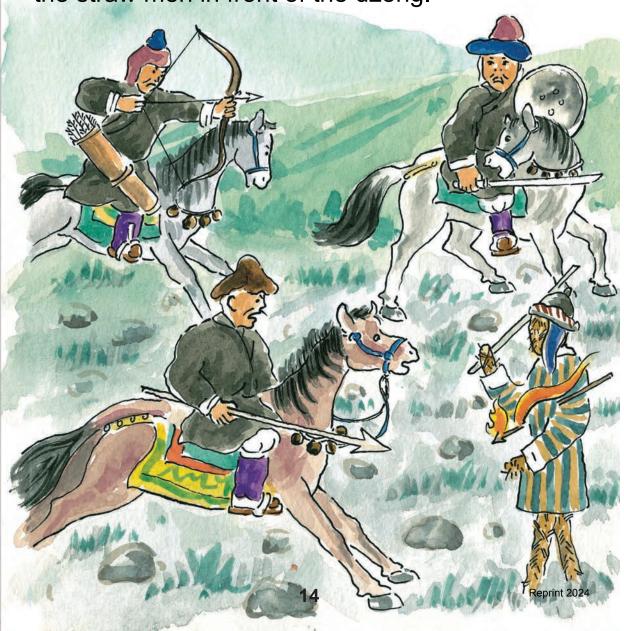
When the ruler of Tibet heard that the Rangjung Kharsapani was in Punakha dzong, he decided to send his soldiers to get it.

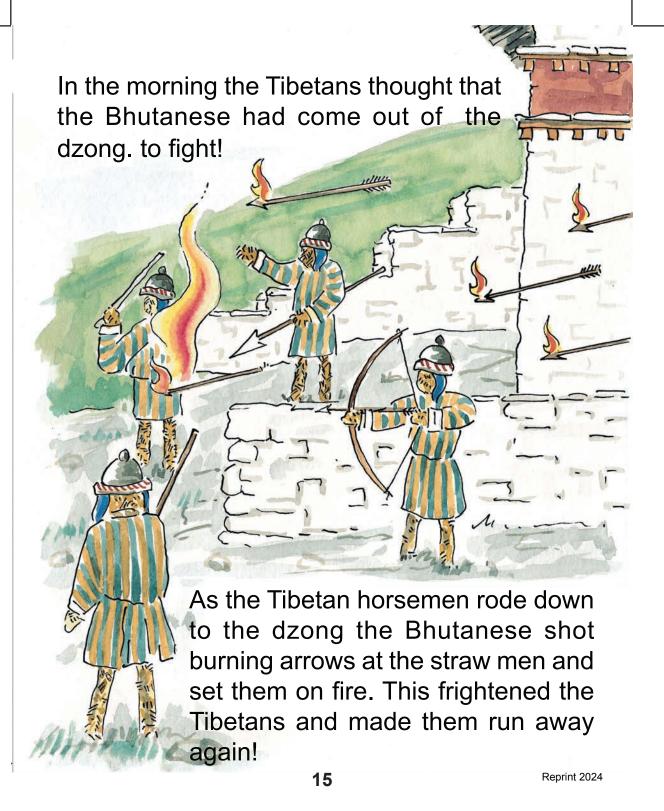
The Tibetan soldiers came over the mountains to Punakha and made a camp on the hill in front of the dzong.

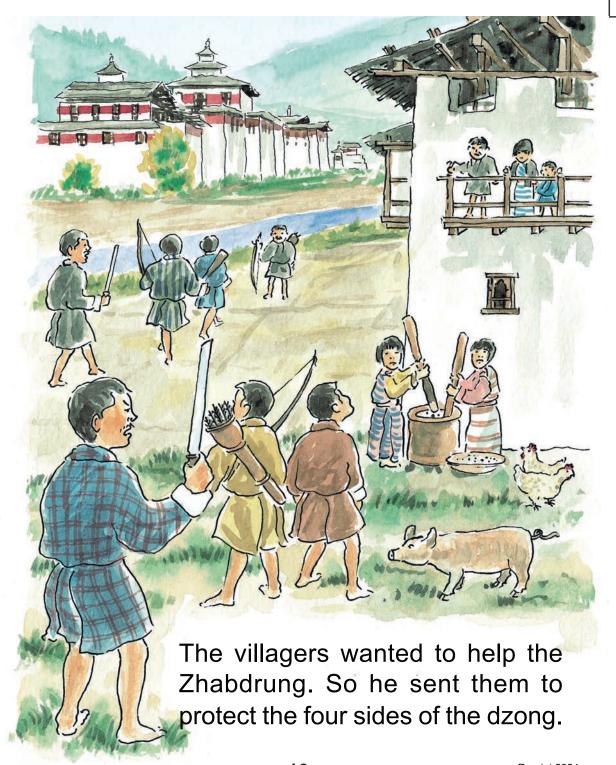
The Zhabdrung watched them come but he was not frightened. He thought of two good plans to send them back.



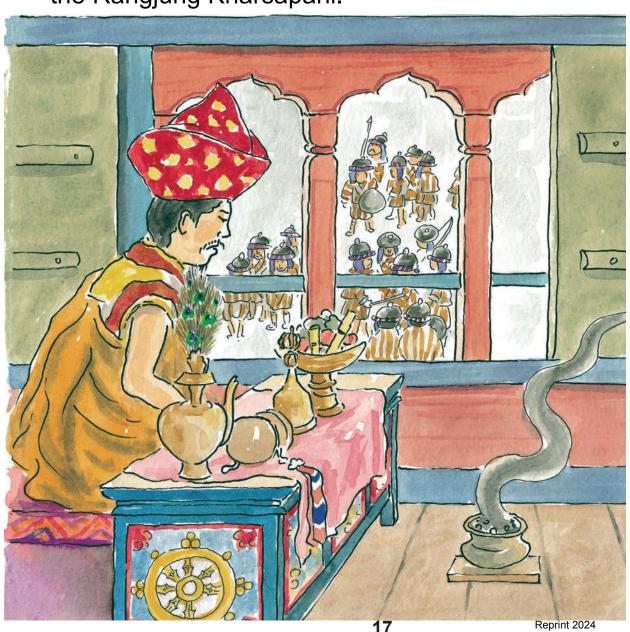
Another day the Zhabdrung told his soldiers to make men out of straw and put old clothes on them. Then, at night, the Bhutanese soldiers put the straw men in front of the dzong.





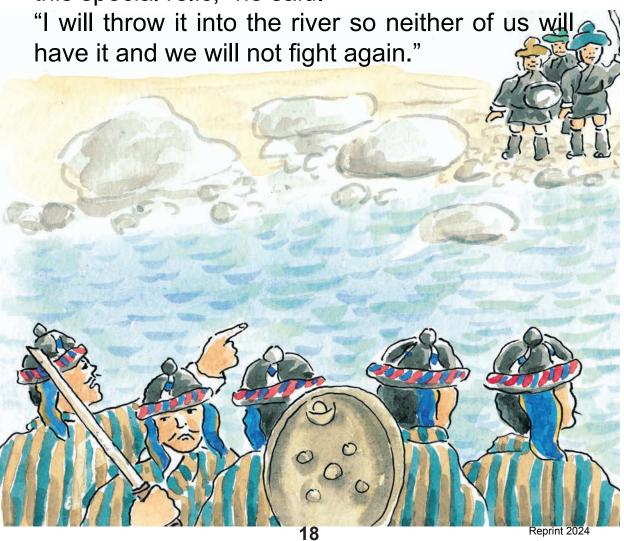


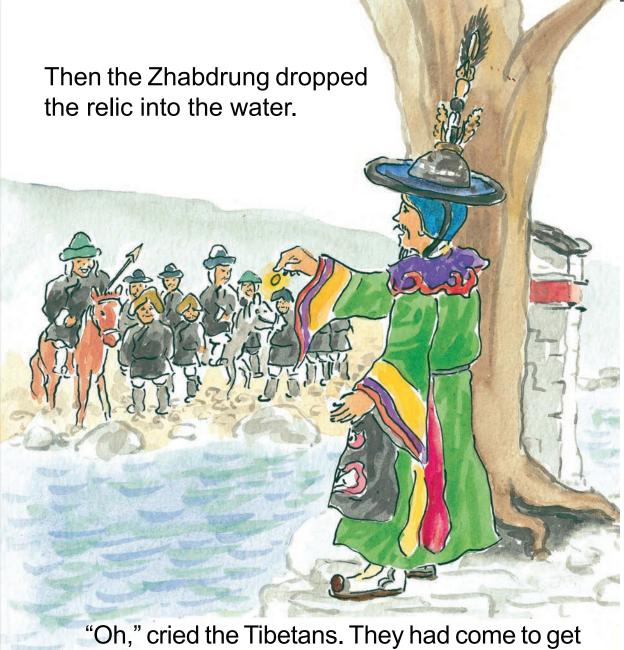
At last the Zhabdrung decided to stop the fighting. He knew that the Tibetans only wanted one thing-the Rangjung Kharsapani.



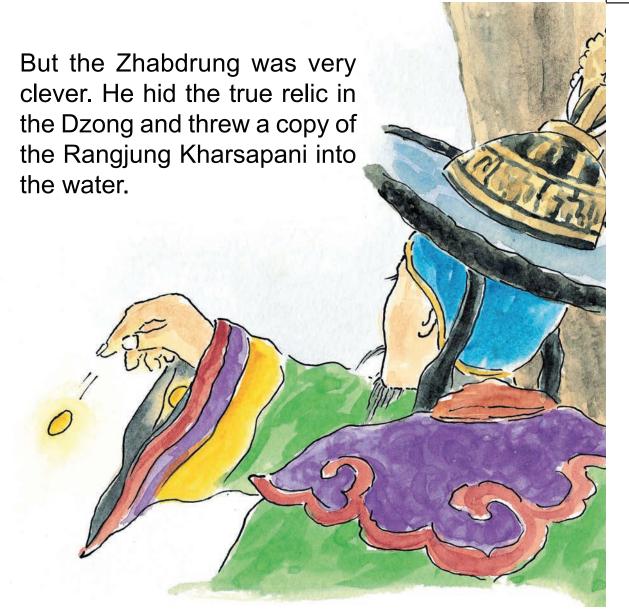
The next day the Zhabdrung walked to a big tree beside the river. Both the Tibetan and Bhutanese soldiers could see him and hear him.

"It is not good that our two peoples are fighting for this special relic," he said.

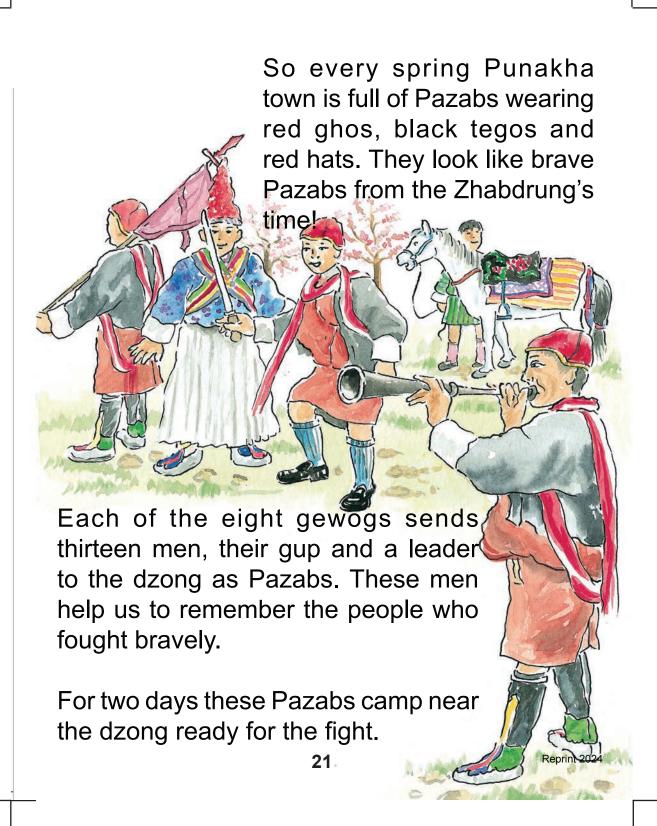


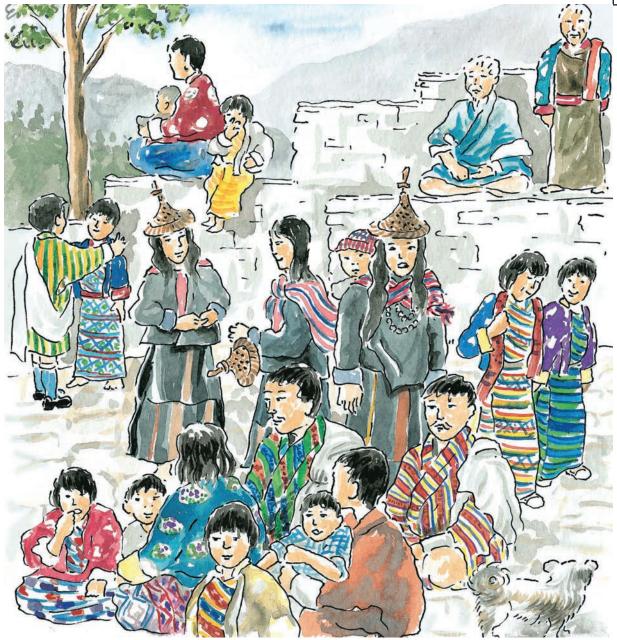


"Oh," cried the Tibetans. They had come to get the relic. Now, without it, there was no need to fight. They went back to Tibet thinking that the Bhutanese were very stupid.



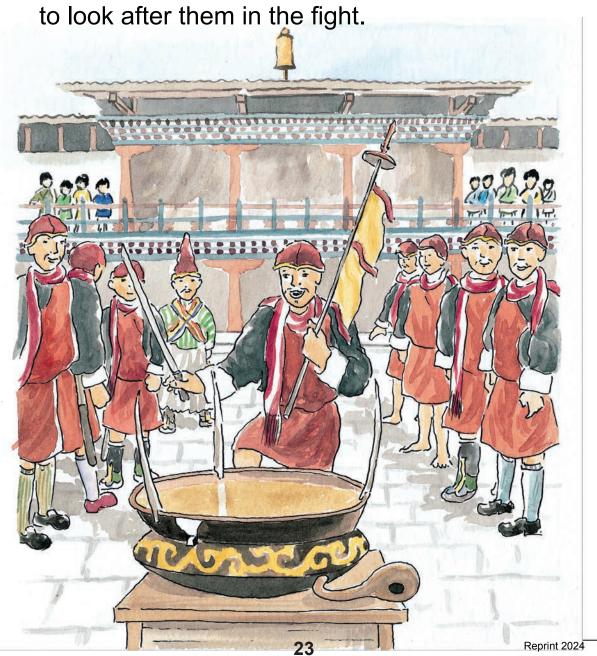
The true Rangjung Kharsapani is in Punakha dzong today, and once a year the people of Punakha remember how the Zhabdrung saved the relic and their dzong.

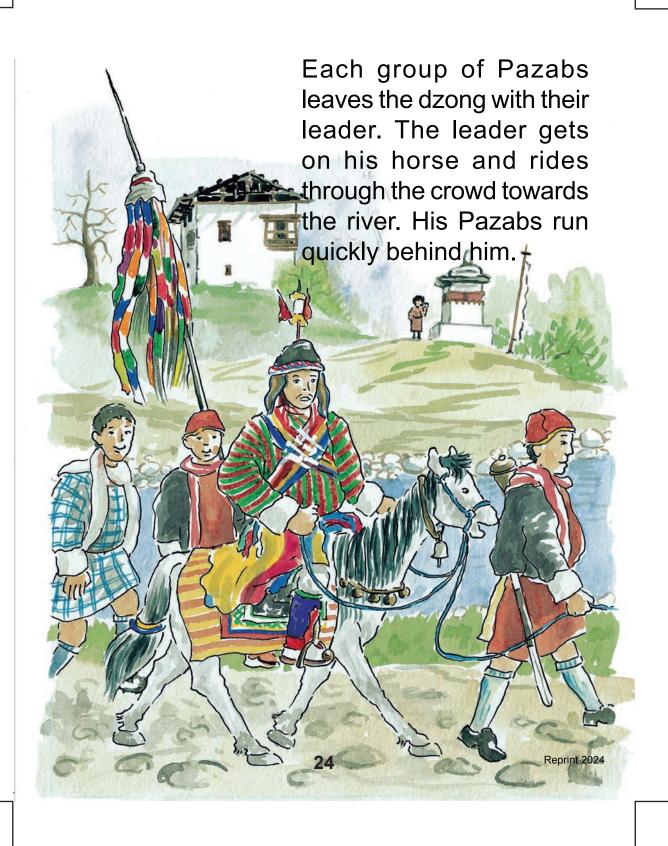




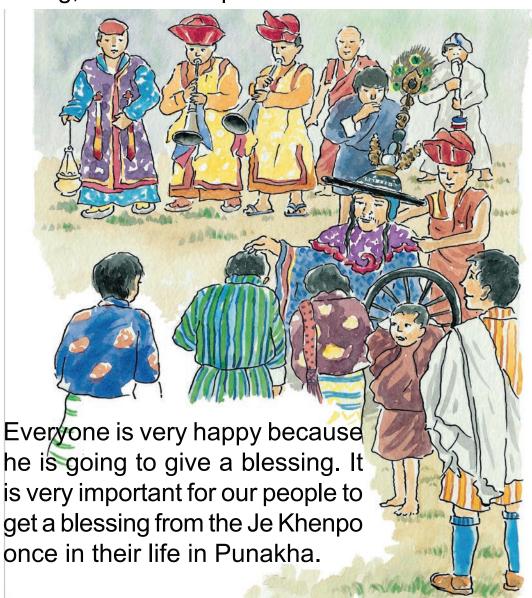
Lots of people come from Punakha valley to see the Domchoe. Some walk all the way from Laya. Can you see them in the crowd?

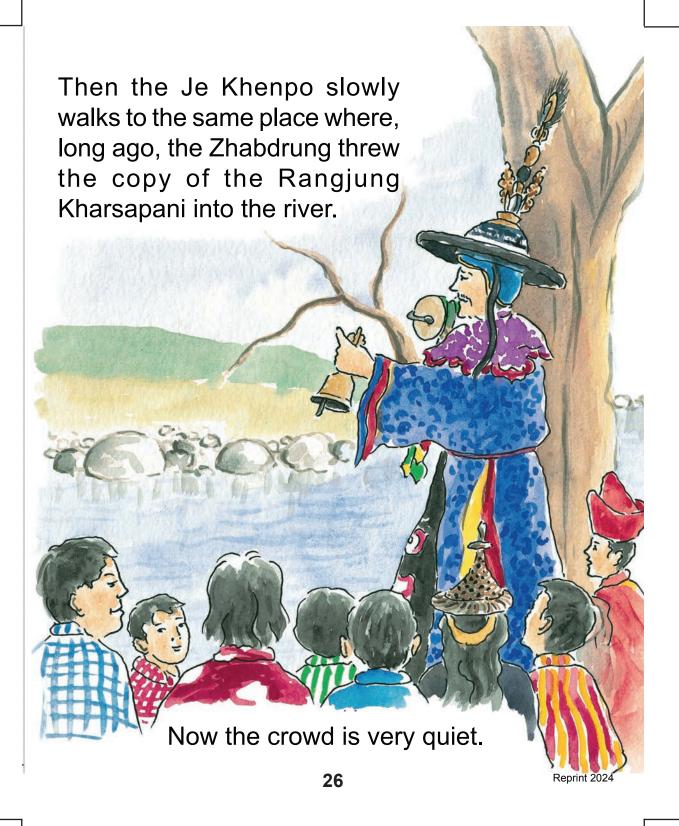
On day three of the Domchoe the Pazabs go to the dzong and get a blessing. They ask their gods

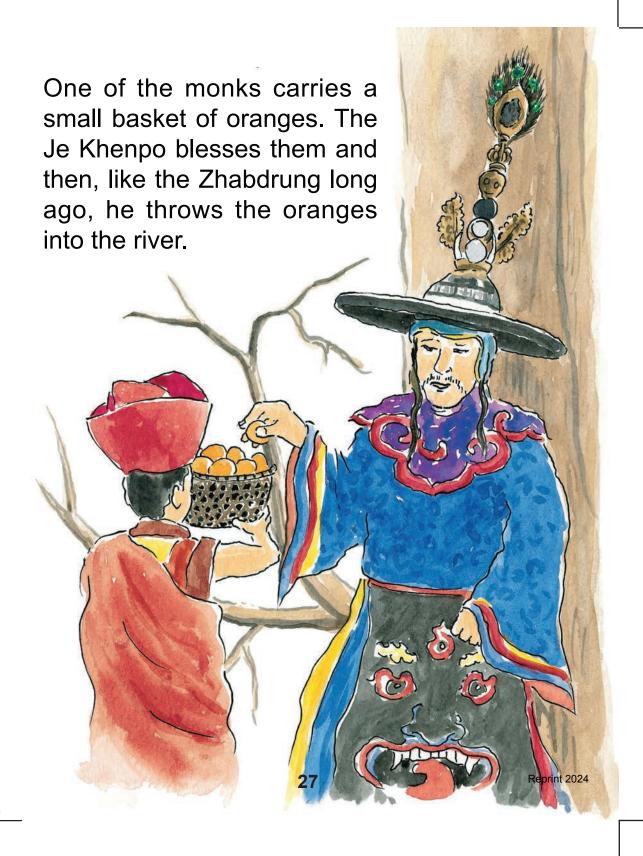


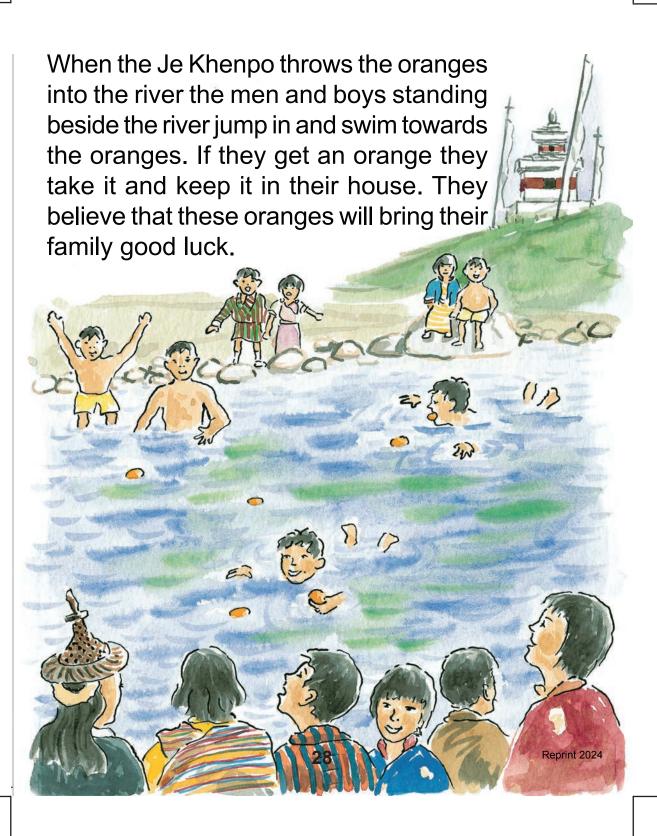


After the horsemen and their Pazabs leave the dzong, the Je Khenpo and the monks come out.









Now the horsemen and the Pazabs return to the dzong. They are very happy because the fight is over and they dance and sing.



The Domchoe is over this year.

Everyone goes home tired but happy.

## **VISION**

"An educated and enlightened society of GNH, built and sustained on the unique Bhutanese values of Tha Dam-Tsig Ley Gju-Drey."